

Package ‘betaper’

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Depends vegan, parallel

Description Permutational method to incorporate taxonomic uncertainty and some functions to assess its effects on parameters of some widely used multivariate methods in ecology, as explained in Cayuela et al. (2011) <[doi:10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x)>.

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R topics documented:

adonis_pertables	2
Amazonia	4
cca_pertables	5
HCP	7
mantel_pertables	7
pertables	10
rda_pertables	12

Index	15
--------------	-----------

adonis_pertables	<i>Function to assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on permutational multivariate analysis of variance using distance matrices</i>
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Description

This function assesses the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on the R2 coefficients and the p-values of a permutational multivariate analysis of variance using distance matrices.

Usage

```
adonis_pertables(formula = X ~ ., data, permutations = 5, method = "bray")
## S3 method for class 'adonis_pertables'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

formula	A typical model formula such as 'Y ~ A + B*C', but where 'Y' is a pertables object (i.e. a list of simulated community data matrices obtained with pertables ; 'A', 'B', and 'C' may be factors or continuous variables.
data	The data frame from which 'A', 'B', and 'C' would be drawn.
permutations	Number of replicate permutations used for the hypothesis tests (F tests) for each simulated community data matrices obtained with pertables .
method	The name of any method used in 'vegdist' to calculate pairwise distances.
x	adonis_pertables object to plot.
...	Additional graphical parameters passed to plot.

Value

adonis_pertables returns an object of class `adonis_pertables`, basically a list with the following components:

raw	An object of class <code>adonis</code> , i.e. the results of applying mantel to the original biological data table without the unidentified species. This includes p-values for each explanatory variable showing the probability of obtaining the same F statistic under different scenarios of taxonomic uncertainty.
simulation	A list with the results of the simulation: F, i.e. a data.frame with all the simulated pseudo-F (columns) for each explanatory variable (rows); R2, i.e. a data.frame with all the simulated R2 coefficients (columns) for each explanatory variable (rows); pvalue, i.e. a data.frame with all the simulated p-values (columns) for each explanatory variable (rows); R2.quant, i.e. a data.frame with the summary of R2 by quantiles; p.quant, i.e. a data.frame with the summary of pvalue by quantiles.

The objects of class `adonis_pertables` have `print` and `plot` S3 methods for a simple access to results. See the examples.

Author(s)

Luis Cayuela and Marcelino de la Cruz

References

Cayuela, L., De la Cruz, M. and Ruokolainen, K. (2011). A method to incorporate the effect of taxonomic uncertainty on multivariate analyses of ecological data. *Ecography*, 34: 94-102. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x>.

See Also

pertables, [adonis](#)

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)

# Define a new index that includes the terms used in the \code{Amazonia} dataset to define
# undetermined taxa at different taxonomic levels

index.Amazon <- c(paste("sp.", rep(1:20), sep=""), "Indet.", "indet.")

# Generate a pertables object (i.e. a list of biological data tables simulated from taxonomic
# uncertainty)
## Not run:
Amazonia100 <- pertables(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=100)

# Assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on a PERMANOVA (i.e., adonis) test:

Amazonia.adonis <- adonis_pertables(Amazonia100 ~ Ca + K + Mg + Na, data=soils)

Amazonia.adonis

plot(Amazonia.adonis)

## End(Not run)
# Fast example for Rcheck

Amazonia4.p2 <- pertables.p2(Amazonia[1:50,], index=index.Amazon, nsim=4, ncl=2, iseed=4)
set.seed(2)
Amazonia.adonis <- adonis_pertables(Amazonia4.p2 ~ Ca + K + Mg + Na, data=soils)

Amazonia.adonis

plot(Amazonia.adonis)
```

Amazonia

Tree abundance and soil data in Western Amazonia

Description

The Amazonia data frame has tree counts in nine 0.16-hectare inventory plots in Western Amazonia. soils contains data on soil cations at each location.

Usage

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)
```

Format

Amazonia is a data frame with 1188 observations (species) and 12 columns (taxonomic description and sites). The three first columns refer to family, genus and specific species Latin names. Columns 4 to 12 have tree abundance data for nine inventory plots.

soils is a data frame with 9 observations (inventory plots) and 4 columns (variables). Soil variables (Ca, K, Mg, Na) are given in cmol/kg.

Details

Data from Western Amazonia includes tree inventories at nine lowland sites (approximately 100-150 m above sea level) near Iquitos, Peru. The sites were selected to represent regional variations in geology and were distributed along a soil nutrient gradient ranging from poor loamy soils to richer clayey soils. Each inventory consisted of 20 x 20 m plots (0.16 ha total area) distributed along 1.3-km transects. At each site, K. Ruokolainen and colleagues identified to species or morphospecies all woody, free-standing stems of > 2.5 cm dbh. The full inventories sampled 3980 individuals from 1188 species or morphospecies.

References

Higgins, M.A. & Ruokolainen, K. 2004. Rapid tropical forest inventory: a comparison of techniques based on inventory data from western Amazonia. *Conservation Biology* 18(3): 799-811.

Ruokolainen, K., Tuomisto, H., Macia, M.J., Higgins, M.A. & Yli-Halla, M. 2007. Are floristic and edaphic patterns in Amazonian rain forests congruent for trees, pteridophytes and Melastomataceae? *Journal of Tropical Ecology* 23: 13-25.

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)
```

cca_pertables	<i>Function to assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on [Partial] Constrained Correspondence Analysis</i>
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Description

This function assesses the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on two widely used parameters of a [Partial] Constrained Correspondence Analysis, i.e. the 'percentage explained variance' (sometimes referred to as *R-squared*) and the *pseudo-F*.

Usage

```
cca_pertables(fml, data, scale = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'cca_pertables'
plot(x, pch = 18, ...)
```

Arguments

fml	Model formula, where the left hand side gives a pertables object (i.e. a list of simulated community data matrices obtained with pertables , right hand side gives the constraining variables, and conditioning variables can be given within a special function <code>Condition</code>).
data	Data frame containing the variables on the right hand side of the model formula.
scale	Scale species to unit variance (like correlations).
x	cca_pertables object to plot.
pch	Plotting 'character', i.e., symbol to use in the CCA plot. See points for examples of use of this graphical argument.
...	Additional graphical parameters passed to plot.

Details

This function is a wrapper to submit a [pertables](#) object to `cca` function of the **vegan** package. See the documentation of `cca` for details about formula and `Condition` use.

Value

cca_pertables returns an object of class `cca_pertables`, basically a list with the following components:

raw	An object of class <code>classcca</code> . The results of applying <code>cca</code> to the original biological data table without the unidentified species.
simulation	A list with the results of the simulation: <code>results</code> , i.e. a <code>data.frame</code> with all the simulated <i>R-squared</i> and <i>pseudo-F</i> values; <code>cca.quant</code> , i.e. a <code>data.frame</code> with the summary of <code>results</code> by quantiles; <code>sites</code> i.e. a list with the scores of the sites of all the simulated data tables and <code>biplot</code> , i.e. a list with the scores of the environmental data in all the analyses

The objects of class `cca_pertables` have `print` and `plot` S3 methods for a simple access to results. See the examples.

Author(s)

Luis Cayuela and Marcelino de la Cruz

References

Cayuela, L., De la Cruz, M. and Ruokolainen, K. (2011). A method to incorporate the effect of taxonomic uncertainty on multivariate analyses of ecological data. *Ecography*, 34: 94-102. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x>.

See Also

`pertables`, [cca](#)

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)

# Define a new index that includes the terms used in the \code{Amazonia} dataset to define
# undetermined taxa at different taxonomic levels

index.Amazon <- c(paste("sp.", rep(1:20), sep=""), "Indet.", "indet.")

# Generate a pertables object (i.e. a list of biological data tables simulated from taxonomic
# uncertainty)
## Not run:

Amazonia100 <- pertables(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=100)

# Assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on a CCA analysis of biological data explained
# by all the environmental variables of the soil data:

Amazonia.cca <- cca_pertables(Amazonia100 ~., data=soils)

Amazonia.cca

plot(Amazonia.cca)

## End(Not run)
# Fast example for Rcheck

Amazonia4.p2 <- pertables.p2(Amazonia[1:50,], index=index.Amazon, nsim=4, ncl=2, iseed=4)
set.seed(2)
Amazonia.cca <- cca_pertables(Amazonia4.p2 ~., data=soils)
Amazonia.cca
```

```
plot(Amazonia.cca)
```

HCP

Tree counts in tropical montane forest fragments

Description

HCP has tree abundance data from 16 forest fragments located in the Highlands of Chiapas, southern Mexico. HCP.coords contains the geographical UTM coordinates for the 16 forest fragments' centroids.

Usage

```
data(HCP)  
data(HCP.coords)
```

Format

HCP is a data frame with 231 observations and 19 variables. The three first columns contain family, genus and specific species Latin names. Columns 4 to 19 have tree abundance data for the 16 forest fragments. HCP.coords is a data frame with two columns and 16 rows.

References

Cayuela, L., Golicher, D.J., Rey Benayas, J.M., Gonzalez-Espinosa, M. & Ramirez-Marcial, N. 2006. Fragmentation, disturbance and tree diversity conservation in tropical montane forests. *Journal of Applied Ecology* 43: 1172-1181.

Examples

```
data(HCP)  
data(HCP.coords)
```

mantel_pertables

Function to assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on Mantel tests

Description

This function assesses the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on the coefficient of correlation and the p-values of a Mantel test.

Usage

```
mantel_pertables(pertab, env, dist.method = "bray", binary = FALSE,
cor.method = "pearson", permutations = 100)
## S3 method for class 'mantel_pertables'
plot(x, xlab = "Environmental distance",
ylab = "Sorensen's similarity index", pch = 19, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>pertab</code>	A pertables object (i.e. a list of simulated community data matrices obtained with pertables).
<code>env</code>	Data frame with the environmental variables.
<code>dist.method</code>	Method to compute the dissimilarity matrices from the biological and environmental data tables. One of the methods described in function vegdist of the package vegan .
<code>binary</code>	Value for the argument <code>binary</code> in the function vegdist of the package vegan .
<code>cor.method</code>	Correlation method, as accepted by cor : "pearson", "spearman" or "kendall".
<code>permutations</code>	Number of permutations in assessing significance.
<code>x</code>	<code>mantel_pertables</code> object to plot.
<code>xlab</code>	Label to name x-axis
<code>ylab</code>	Label to name y-axis
<code>pch</code>	Plotting 'character', i.e., symbol to use in the distance decay plot. See points for examples of use of this graphical argument.
<code>...</code>	Additional graphical parameters passed to plot.

Value

`mantel_pertables` returns an object of class `mantel_pertables`, basically a list with the following components:

<code>mantel</code>	A list with two components: <code>mantel.raw</code> , an object of class 'mantel', i.e. the results of applying mantel to the original biological data table without the unidentified species, and <code>ptax</code> , a p-value showing the probability of obtaining the same mantel statistic under different scenarios of taxonomic uncertainty.
<code>simulation</code>	A list with the results of the simulation: <code>results</code> , i.e. a data.frame with all the simulated mantel statistics and p-values; <code>mantel.quant</code> , i.e. a data.frame with the summary of results by quantiles; <code>vegdist</code> , i.e. a list with all the dissimilarity matrices employed.

The objects of class `mantel_pertables` have `print` and `plot` S3 methods for a simple access to results. See the examples.

Author(s)

Luis Cayuela and Marcelino de la Cruz

References

Cayuela, L., De la Cruz, M. and Ruokolainen, K. (2011). A method to incorporate the effect of taxonomic uncertainty on multivariate analyses of ecological data. *Ecography*, 34: 94-102. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x>.

See Also

pertables, [mantel](#)

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)

# Define a new index that includes the terms used in the \code{Amazonia} dataset to define
# undetermined taxa at different taxonomic levels

index.Amazon <- c(paste("sp.", rep(1:20), sep=""), "Indet.", "indet.")

## Not run:
# Generate a pertables object (i.e. a list of biological data tables simulated from taxonomic
# uncertainty)

Amazonia100 <- pertables(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=100)

# Assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on a Mantel test of biological dissimilarity
# correlated to soil dissimilarity among sites:

Amazonia.mantel <- mantel_pertables(pertab=Amazonia100, env=soils, dist.method = "bray")

Amazonia.mantel

plot(Amazonia.mantel)

## End(Not run)
# Fast example for Rcheck

Amazonia4.p2 <- pertables.p2(Amazonia[1:50,], index=index.Amazon, nsim=4, ncl=2, iseed=4)
set.seed(2)
Amazonia.mantel <- mantel_pertables(pertab=Amazonia4.p2, env=soils, dist.method = "bray")

Amazonia.mantel

plot(Amazonia.mantel)
```


sp1, even though this name does not necessarily refer to the same species. For a verification of the biological identity of *Eugenia sp1* one would need to cross-check the vouchers bearing the same name.

Step 2. Step 1 is iterated *nsim* times. As a result, *nsim* matrices are obtained, all of which contain the same number of sites but variable number of species depending on the resulting re-assignment of morphospecies. The process can be time-consuming if community data matrices are large.

Function `pertables.p2` implements a parallelized version which considerably reduces computation time.

Value

The function return a list of class `pertables` with the following components

<code>taxunc</code>	Summary of the number of species fully identified (0), identified to genus (1), identified to family (2), or fully undetermined (3).
<code>pertables</code>	A list with all the simulated data matrices.
<code>raw</code>	The raw data matrix, without the unidentified especies.

Author(s)

Luis Cayuela and Marcelino de la Cruz

References

Cayuela, L., De la Cruz, M. and Ruokolainen, K. (2011). A method to incorporate the effect of taxonomic uncertainty on multivariate analyses of ecological data. *Ecography*, 34: 94-102. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x>.

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)

# Define a new index that includes the terms used in the \code{Amazonia} dataset to define
# undetermined taxa at different taxonomic levels

index.Amazon <- c(paste("sp.", rep(1:20), sep=""), "Indet.", "indet.")

#Generate a pertables object (i.e. a list of biological data tables simulated from taxonomic
# uncertainty)

## Not run:
# compare performance of pertables and pertables.p2
nsim <-100
ncl <-2
gc()
t0<- Sys.time()
Amazonia100<- pertables(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=nsim)
Sys.time()-t0
```

```

gc()
t0<- Sys.time()
Amazonia100.p2<- pertables.p2(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=nsim, ncl=ncl)
Sys.time()-t0

## End(Not run)
# Example for Rcheck

Amazonia4.p2<- pertables.p2(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=4, ncl=2)

```

rda_pertables	<i>Function to assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on [Partial] Redundance Analysis</i>
---------------	---

Description

This function assesses the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on two widely used parameters of a [Partial] Redundance Analysis, i.e. the 'percentage explained variance' (sometimes referred to as *R-squared*) and the '*pseudo-F*' .

Usage

```

rda_pertables(fml, data, scale=FALSE,...)
## S3 method for class 'rda_pertables'
plot(x, pch = 18, ...)

```

Arguments

fml	Model formula, where the left hand side gives a pertables object (i.e. a list of simulated community data matrices obtained with pertables , right hand side gives the constraining variables, and conditioning variables can be given within a special function <code>Condition</code>).
data	Data frame containing the variables on the right hand side of the model formula.
scale	Scale species to unit variance (like correlations).
x	rda_pertables object to plot.
pch	Plotting 'character', i.e., symbol to use in the RDA plot. See points for examples of use of this graphical argument.
...	Additional graphical parameters passed to plot.

Details

This function is a wrapper to submit a [pertables](#) object to rda function of the **vegan** package. See the documentation of [cca](#) for details about formula and `Condition` use.

Value

rda_pertables returns an object of class 'rda_pertables', basically a list with the following components:

raw	An object of class class 'rda'. The results of applying rda to the original biological data table without the unidentified species.
simulation	A list with the results of the simulation: 'results', i.e. a data.frame with all the simulated R-squared and pseudo-F values; 'rda.quant', i.e. a data.frame with the summary of 'results' by quantiles; 'sites' i.e. a list with the scores of the sites of all the simulated data tables and 'biplot', i.e. a list with the scores of the environmental data in all the analyses

The objects of class 'rda_pertables' have print and plot S3 methods for a simple access to results. See the examples.

Author(s)

Luis Cayuela and Marcelino de la Cruz

References

Cayuela, L., De la Cruz, M. and Ruokolainen, K. (2011). A method to incorporate the effect of taxonomic uncertainty on multivariate analyses of ecological data. *Ecography*, 34: 94-102. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0587.2009.05899.x>.

See Also

pertables, [cca](#)

Examples

```
data(Amazonia)
data(soils)

# Define a new index that includes the terms used in the \code{Amazonia} dataset to define
# undetermined taxa at different taxonomic levels

index.Amazon <- c(paste("sp.", rep(1:20), sep=""), "Indet.", "indet.")

#Generate a pertables object (i.e. a list of biological data tables simulated from taxonomic
# uncertainty)
## Not run:
Amazonia100 <- pertables(Amazonia, index=index.Amazon, nsim=100)

# Assess the effects of taxonomic uncertainty on a RDA analysis of biological data explained
# by all the environmental variables of the soil data:
```

```
Amazonia.rda <- rda_pertables(Amazonia100 ~., data=soils)

Amazonia.rda

plot(Amazonia.rda)

## End(Not run)

# Fast example for Rcheck

Amazonia4.p2 <- pertables.p2(Amazonia[1:50,], index=index.Amazon, nsim=4, ncl=2, iseed=4)
set.seed(2)
Amazonia.rda <- rda_pertables(Amazonia4.p2 ~., data=soils)

Amazonia.rda

plot(Amazonia.rda)
```

Index

- * **datasets**
 - Amazonia, [4](#)
 - HCP, [7](#)
- * **multivariate**
 - adonis_pertables, [2](#)
 - cca_pertables, [5](#)
 - mantel_pertables, [7](#)
 - pertables, [10](#)
 - rda_pertables, [12](#)
- adonis, [3](#)
- adonis_pertables, [2](#)
- Amazonia, [4](#)
- cca, [5](#), [6](#), [12](#), [13](#)
- cca_pertables, [5](#)
- cor, [8](#)
- HCP, [7](#)
- mantel, [2](#), [8](#), [9](#)
- mantel_pertables, [7](#)
- pertables, [2](#), [5](#), [8](#), [10](#), [12](#)
- plot.adonis_pertables
 - (adonis_pertables), [2](#)
- plot.cca_pertables (cca_pertables), [5](#)
- plot.mantel_pertables
 - (mantel_pertables), [7](#)
- plot.rda_pertables (rda_pertables), [12](#)
- points, [5](#), [8](#), [12](#)
- print.adonis_pertables
 - (adonis_pertables), [2](#)
- print.cca_pertables (cca_pertables), [5](#)
- print.mantel_pertables
 - (mantel_pertables), [7](#)
- print.pertables (pertables), [10](#)
- print.rda_pertables (rda_pertables), [12](#)
- rda_pertables, [12](#)
- soils (Amazonia), [4](#)
- vegdist, [8](#)