Package 'ggstackplot'

January 14, 2025

Title Create Overlapping Stacked Plots

Version 0.4

Description Easily create overlapping grammar of graphics plots for scientific data visualization. This style of plotting is particularly common in climatology and oceanography research communities.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

- **Imports** rlang, cli, methods, lifecycle, tidyselect, dplyr, tidyr, ggplot2, cowplot, RColorBrewer
- **Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0), vdiffr, scales, pangaear

Config/testthat/edition 3

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

Author Sebastian Kopf [aut, cre, cph]

(<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2044-0201>), Tristan Caro [aut], Jamie McFarlin [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8185-8185>), Jon Raberg [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2959-3631>)

Maintainer Sebastian Kopf <sebastian.kopf@colorado.edu>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-01-14 14:40:02 UTC

Contents

ggstackplot-package		•			•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	 		•	•	•	2
ggstackplot																 					2
theme_stackplot																 					5
-																					

6

Index

ggstackplot-package ggstackplot: Create Overlapping Stacked Plots

Description

Easily create overlapping grammar of graphics plots for scientific data visualization. This style of plotting is particularly common in climatology and oceanography research communities.

Details

[Stable]

Have you ever wanted to create (partly) overlapping line plots with matched color-coding of the data and axes? These kinds of plots are common in climatology and oceanography research but there is not an easy way to create them with ggplot facets. The ggstackplot package builds on ggplot2 to provide a straightforward approach to building these kinds of plots while retaining the powerful grammar of graphics approach of ggplots. Check out the functionality provided by ggstackplots at https://ggstackplot.kopflab.org

Author(s)

Maintainer: Sebastian Kopf <sebastian.kopf@colorado.edu> (ORCID) [copyright holder]

Authors:

- Tristan Caro <tristan.caro@colorado.edu>
- Jamie McFarlin <jamie.mcfarlin@uwyo.edu> (ORCID)
- Jon Raberg <Jonathan.Raberg@colorado.edu> (ORCID)

ggstackplot

Stack a ggplot

Description

Use ggstackplot() to generate a stackplot. If you need more fine control, use prepare_stackplot() and assemble_stackplot() individually.

Usage

```
ggstackplot(
  data,
  x,
  y,
  remove_na = TRUE,
  color = NA,
  palette = NA,
```

ggstackplot

```
both_axes = FALSE,
  alternate_axes = TRUE,
  switch_axes = FALSE,
 overlap = 0,
  simplify_shared_axis = TRUE,
  shared_axis_size = 0.2,
  template = ggplot() + geom_line() + geom_point() + theme_stackplot(),
  add = list(),
 debug = FALSE
)
prepare_stackplot(
  data,
 х,
 у,
  remove_na = TRUE,
 color = NA,
 palette = NA,
  both_axes = FALSE,
  alternate_axes = TRUE,
  switch_axes = FALSE,
  template = ggplot() + geom_line() + geom_point() + theme_stackplot(),
  add = list(),
  debug = FALSE
)
assemble_stackplot(
 prepared_stackplot,
 overlap = 0,
  simplify_shared_axis = TRUE,
  shared_axis_size = 0.15,
 debug = FALSE
```

```
)
```

Arguments

data	the data frame to plot
x	the x variable(s) to plot, accepts $dplyr::select()$ syntax. The order of variables is plotted from left to right (if multiple x).
У	the y variable(s) to plot, accepts dplyr::select() syntax. The order of variables in plotted from top to bottom (if multiple y).
remove_na	whether to remove NA values in the x/y plot, setting this to FALSE can lead to unintended side-effects for interrupted lines so check your plot carefully if you change this
color	which color to make the plots (also sets the plotwide color and fill aesthetics, overwrite in individual geoms in the template to overwrite this aesthetic), either one value for or one color per variable. Pick NA to not set colors (in case you want to use them yourself in the aesthetics).

ggstackplot

palette	which color to make the plots defined with an RColorBrewer palette ($RColorBrewer:display.brewer$. You can only use color or palette parameter, not both.
both_axes	whether to have the stacked axes on both sides (overrides alternate_axes and switch_axes)
alternate_axes	whether to alternate the sides on which the stacked axes are plotted
switch_axes	whether to switch the stacked axes. Not switching means the first plot in the lower left corner is always arranged like a regular ggplot with the y axis on the left and the x axis on the bottom (even if alternate_axes = TRUE). Setting switch_axes = TRUE, leads to the opposite, i.e. first plot in the lower corner has the variable axis on the other side (secondary in ggplot terms).
overlap	fractional overlap between adjacent plots. The max of 1 means plots are per- fectly overlaid. The min of 0 means there is no overlap. If providing multiple values, must be 1 less than the number of stacked plots (since it's describing the overlap/gap between adjacent plots). By default there is no overlap between plots
simplify_shared	_axis
	whether to simplify the shared axis to only be on the last plot (+ first plot if a duplicate secondary axis is set)
<pre>shared_axis_siz</pre>	e
	if simplify_shared_axes is true, this determines the size of the shared axis rela- tive to the size of a single plot
template	a template plot (ggplot object) to use for the stacked plots
add	a list of ggplot component calls to add to specific panel plots, either by panel variable name (named list) or index (unnamed list)
debug prepared_stackp	[Experimental] debug flag to print the stackplot tibble and gtable intermediates lot
	a nested data frame, the output from prepare_stackplot()

Details

ggstackplot() stacks a ggplot template with the provided data and parameters. It returns a plot object generated by cowplot::plot_grid()).

prepare_stackplot() is usually not called directly but can be used to assemble the parts of a stackplot first and then look at them or edit them individually before combining them with assemble_stackplot()]. Returns a nested data frame with all stacked variables (.var), their plot configuration, data, plot object, and theme object.

assemble_stackplot() is usually not called directly but can be used to manually combine a stackplot tibble (typically created by prepare_stockplot()). Returns a plot object generated by cowplot::plot_grid()).

Value

ggstackplot() returns a ggplot with overlayed plot layers

prepare_stackplot() returns a tibble with all plot components

assemble_stackplot() returns a ggplot with overlayed plot layers

theme_stackplot

Examples

```
# 1 step stackplot (most common use)
mtcars |>
  ggstackplot(
    x = mpg,
    y = c(`weight [g]` = wt, qsec, drat, disp),
    palette = "Set1",
    overlap = c(1, 0, 0.3)
  )
# 2 step stackplot
mtcars |>
  prepare_stackplot(
    x = mpg,
    y = c(`weight [g]` = wt, qsec, drat, disp),
    palette = "Set1"
  ) |>
  assemble_stackplot(overlap = c(1, 0, 0.3))
```

theme_stackplot Recommended base theme for stacked gg plots

Description

Returns a basic ggplot2 theme that extends ggplot2::theme_bw() with a transparent plot background to make sure overlapping plots do not cover each other up.

Usage

theme_stackplot()

Value

ggplot2::theme() object

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
template <- ggplot() + geom_line() + theme_stackplot()
ggstackplot(
   data = mtcars,
    x = mpg, y = c(wt, qsec, drat),
    color = c("#E41A1C", "#377EB8", "#4DAF4A"),
   template = template
)</pre>
```

Index

assemble_stackplot (ggstackplot), 2

cowplot::plot_grid(), 4

dplyr::select(), 3

ggplot2::theme(), 5
ggplot2::theme_bw(), 5
ggstackplot, 2
ggstackplot-package, 2

prepare_stackplot(ggstackplot), 2
prepare_stackplot(), 4

RColorBrewer::display.brewer.all(),4

theme_stackplot, 5